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No. 12,515. 五十一百五十二萬壹第 日五十一月三四年十二月光 HONGKONG TUESDAY APRIL 6TH, 1893. 二種

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1867.

GOLD MEDALS PARIS, 1867.
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS.
The Only
Genuine 1867
Nobles for use by Bankers
Nobles Pens, 22s, 25s, 26s.
Sip. Pens, 22s, 25s, 26s, 16s.
Ink, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s.
Ink, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s.
Pens.

THE NEW TURNED-UP POINT, 1867.

PRICE \$24 PER MONTH.

NOTICE.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO MEMBERS OF THE LADIES' RECREATION CLUB.

BY Kind Permission of COUNT SPY and OFFICERS of S.M.S. Debutante Ball will be held at the Ladies' Recreation Club, THIS AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock.

F. A. SAUNDERS, Hon. Secretary

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

NOTICE.

I HAVE authorized Mr. F. W. HALL from this date to sign my name in Hongkong by procreation.

GEO. R. STEVENS,

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. CO.

DURING my temporary absence from the Colony Mr. A. M. MARSHALL will be in charge of the Company's business at this port.

H. A. RITCHIE, Superintendent

Hongkong, 4th April, 1893.

WANTED.

A POSITION as CARETAKER or MANAGER of a Gildon or any other ordinary position of trust. Advertiser has had experience in the Stevedoring and Shipping business and has first class testimonials.

Address, E. EVANS, Care of Office of this Paper.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMoy, AND FOOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"HAITAN."

Captain Bathurst, will be despatched for the above ports on THURSDAY, the 7th inst., at 10 A.M. For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LARBAIK & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOETS-POSTE FRANCAIS.

FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Company's Steamship

"INDUS."

Captain Vauquier, will be despatched as above on or about SUNDAY, the 10th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to

G. DE CAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

GLEN LINE of STREAMER PACKETS.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"GLENSHIEL."

Captain Jarras, will be despatched as above on or about MONDAY, the 18th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1893.

NOTICE TO MARINERS AND OTHERS.

UNDER THE PRAYA RECLAMATION ORDINANCE No. 15 of 1889, a double row of piles will be driven into the sea bed for marking the lines of the rubber stone foundations of sea-wall and creek drain, from Maria 185, about 100 yards from the mouth of the creek, a point in existing sea-wall about 200 feet Westward from SHUN-TONG-PEU NULUAN. Work will be commenced on or about the 4th April, and Masters of Junks, Cargo Boats, Launches and other Vessels are warned to use caution in approaching within 30 yards of the said work, and that they will be held responsible for any damage caused by them to such piles of work.

R. D. ORMSBY, Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1893.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

A APPLICATIONS for the post of STEWARD in the above Club will be received by the Under-signed.

C. H. GRACE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1893.

AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

TO-DAY,

(TUESDAY), the 6th April, 1893,

at his Sales Room, No. 3, Queen's Road Central.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

(For Study Accounts).

TAPESTRY, with PLUSH COVERED DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, CENTRE, and SIDE TABLES, BEVELLED GLASS, OVER-CANTELS, PICTURES, and OBELISTS.

DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD with GLASS, DINING WAGGONS WRITING TABLE, and BOOK CASE with DESK and CHAIRS.

CROCKERY, GLASS, and PLATED WARE.

IRON BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES with BEVELLED GLASS, CHESTS of DRAWERS, MATTRESS, and WASH-STAND, and DRESSING TABLE.

FOULING PIECE, 2 GOLD WATCHES.

Also,

A few BOOKS, Comprising—

JOSEPHUS' WORKS, LIFE OF CHRIST, PRINCE OF GLORY, and WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY.

TERMS OF SALE—An Auctioneer.

JOHN WALKER & SONS.

Antonides.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 3rd April, 1893.

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Hongkong, 4th April, 1893.

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John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 7th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 8th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1893.

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Hongkong, 13th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 14th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 17th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 18th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 21st April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 22nd April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 23rd April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 25th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 26th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 28th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 31st April, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1893.

John Walker & Sons.

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Hongkong, 10th May, 1893.

INTIMATIONS

BROWN, JONES & CO.
DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE
AND HONGKONG GRANITE.
CEMETERY MEMORIALS.

Designs and Prices on application.
Office, 47, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [2704]

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
FOR CHINA, JAPAN, COREA, INDO-CHINA,
STRaits, NETHERLANDS INDIA,
SIAM, PHILIPPINES, BORNEO, &c.,
WITH WHICH ARE INCORPORATED
THE CHINA DIRECTORY
THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY
AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST.
1898.

THE THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL ISSUE,
Royal Octavo Complete with Twelve Maps
and Plans, pp. 1,302, \$7. Directory only, pp.
929, \$3.50.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

MANUFACTURERS OF
AERATED WATERS.

AERATED WATERS of
our manufacture are sold throughout
the Far East and are invariably pre-
ferred on account of their excellence.

ABSOLUTE PURITY is guar-
anteed. The best materials only are used.

THE PRICES are only half those
charged in England.

WATERS MANUFACTURED
BY US are acknowledged by the lead-
ing English makers to be equal to those
of their own production.

Sir Edward Frankland, K.C.B., D.C.L.,
F.R.S., F.C.S., &c. the greatest living
authority on Water, reports as follows
on the water as prepared and used by
us in our manufacture:

"It possesses an extremely high
degree of organic purity and is
of most excellent quality for
drinking."

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Established A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1898. [24]

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS
ONLY communications relating to the various columns
should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents from the United States should address
their communications to THE EDITOR, not
to publication, but as evidence of good faith.
All communications for publication should be written
on one side of the paper only.

No excommunicated communications that have
already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be
sent before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that
hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.
Telegraphic Address PRESS—A.I.C. Code.
P.O. Box. 20. Telephone No. 12.

BIRTH.

On the 18th of March, 1898, at Hongkong, by the
Rev. J. A. Ingle, in the presence of the U.S. Consul,
ELIZABETH, second daughter of the late Samuel
WILLIAMS of Ternan, to THEODORE SUFFERT, of
Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A.

DEATH.

At the Shanghai General Hospital, on the 29th
March, 1898, JAMES EVERLEIGH, Superintendent of
the Sailors' Home, aged 52 years.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, APRIL 5TH, 1898.

In the House of Commons the other day
Mr. CURZON stated that Count MUNIYI, on
the 16th March, had assured Great
Britain that Port Arthur and Takuwan
would be opened to trade like other Chinese
ports and that Russia had not since with-
drawn the assurance. This statement seems
to imply that Great Britain had acquiesced
in, or at all events does not intend actively to
oppose, the Russian occupation of the
ports named, and the supposition that
the concentration of the British fleet in
the North was with a view to possible
complications with Russia may now be
finally dismissed. In his speech in the
House of Commons on the 1st March, the
full report of which was received by the
last mail, Mr. CURZON said:—"I am not
one of those who have any great belief in
the inherent stability of the Chinese
Government. Pressed as China is from
every side, and incapacitated from suc-
cessful resistance, as she always hitherto has
been, by defects in her Government and
institutions, I can well foresee she is con-
fronted in the future by even greater dan-
gers than she has had to meet in the past.
But our policy is and must be to prevent
her disruption so far as we can, and to
secure for her the fresh lease of life to
which her immence and magnificent re-
sources entitle her. We are therefore
opposed to the alienation of any Chinese
territory or the sacrifice of any part of
Chinese independence. This is a policy
from which the Government have
abstained and which they have no
desire to initiate. I can conceive of cir-
cumstances arising in the future, circum-
stances gravely affecting, and perhaps
seriously imperilling our interests in China,

"which might tempt us and even compel us
to depart from that attitude of reserve.
But the seizure of Chinese territory, the
alienation of Chinese territory, the usurpa-
tion of Chinese sovereignty, is not
primarily any part of British policy; and
it is not likely that that which we re-
pudiate for ourselves we should regard
with a welcome eye if attempted by
others." Russia's movements have, to use
Mr. CURZON's phrase, not been regarded
with a welcome eye, but it is evident that
it is not for the exercise of Russia that the
present movements of the fleet are directed.
Has the time then already arrived, foreseen
by the Under Secretary of State for Foreign
Affairs, when circumstances might tempt
and even compel Great Britain to depart
from her attitude of reserve with regard to
territorial acquisitions and the usurpation
of Chinese sovereignty? The rectification
of Hongkong's boundaries will naturally be
included in the settlement following upon
the present negotiations, and possibly also
the reoccupation of Chusan, but these, we
imagine, will be comparatively minor items
in the demands presented to China, which will
be found to be commercial and administrative
rather than territorial. The time has
come for the opening up of China and Great
Britain is going to do the opening. If the
Chinese Government has to be coerced into
acquiescence, the necessary coercion will be
applied. Great Britain has had her oppor-
tunities before, but has forborne to take ad-
vantage of them, hoping that after a little
patient waiting and under the influence of
friendly advice China would open spontane-
ously. That hope has not been realised and it
is recognised that the time for waiting is
now over. In the speech from which we have
already quoted Mr. CURZON said:—"Our
belief is that the integrity of China is most
likely to be secured by throwing open
China to the interests and influence of
the whole world and not, so to speak, by
closing her into separate water-tight com-
partments, each bearing a separate label
or appellation of its own. The more
powers, the more civilized Powers, you are
to find in China, the more likely you are
to be able to sustain her integrity and
"welfare." China, we believe, is now about
to be opened to the commerce of the whole
world. It was promised some time ago that
the inland waterways were to be opened to
foreign trade and navigation in June, but to
residents in the Far East, familiar with the
delays and torporisation of the Chinese Gov-
ernment and the absence of any effective
machinery for the protection and regulation
of foreign trade with the interior, the pro-
mise seemed little more than a mere form
of words. But the British Government
appears to be in earnest in requiring the
fulfilment of the promise, and will no doubt
be ready to supply all that is necessary
in the way of administrative machinery.

"We were the first people," says Mr.
CURZON, "to unlock the door of China to
foreign trade. We were the first Power
to survey her coasts. We were the first
"to drive away pirates from her seas. We,
indeed, were the first people to stand
"the whole line of her coasts with ports
"commerces of the whole world. We were
"the first people to send steamers up her
waterways, to build railways for her, to
"exploit her mines, to enter into the
"interior of the country over thousands of
miles the advantages of European com-
merce and European comfort. Let it
not be forgotten, too, that we were the
"first Power to give to China the nucleus
of a pure administration at the same
time that we added a great annual
revenue to her treasury by instituting an
Imperial Customs service in that country."

It may truly be said that, so far as
China at the present moment is not in the
"East an anachronism but has within it a
vital, living force, it is in the main
"due to the action and initiative of this
country." The work that Great Britain
has commenced she is prepared to carry on,
and the mission of the fleet in the North at
the present time is, if we are not much
mistaken, to enforce the opening up of the
country to foreign trade and the substitution
of an honest administration of the internal
Customs for the ancient squeeze system.

The P. & O. steamer *Canaria* left Singapor
for this port on the 2nd instant at 5 p.m.

There were 2,988 visitors to the City Hall
Museum last week of whom 1,942 were Europeans.

The steamer *Chelydron*, from Calcutta and
Straits, left Singapor for this port on Sunday,
the 3rd inst., at 6 a.m.

The P. & O. steamer *Tacoma* has arrived at
Yokohama from Tacoma and sailed on the 4th
instant for Kobe and Hongkong.

For stealing eight brass bolts, the property
of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Com-
pany, a Chinaman was sentenced to two months'
imprisonment.

Commander Hastings yesterday fined two
hospital ward boys \$15 each, six weeks'
imprisonment, for leaving their employment with-
out notice.

In the tennis match between the Cricket Club
and the Ladies' Recreation Club played on the
Cricket ground yesterday the L.R.C. scored 83
games and the Cricket Club 74.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial
and Nethersole Hospital begs to acknowledge
with thanks the following donation to the funds
of the Hospital:—Mr. W. Powell, \$20.

By authority of the Honourable Secretary
of the U.S. Navy, the following values are an-
nounced for the quarter ending June 30, 1898:—
Imperial Japanese yen, \$0.498; Mexican Dollar,
0.444.

A Shanghai firm is reported to have received
a telegram from New York, instructing it to
send no cargo for the present by American
ships to the United States.

Mr. CURZON (Continued) understand that the first
regular German mail steamer will leave Shanghai
for Kiao-chou on the 3rd April. A service of
small German steamers has already been arranged
between Kiao-chou and Chefoo.

Messrs. John D. Humphreys & Son, General
Managers of Olivine Freshfield Mines, Limited,
inform us that they have received telegraphic
advice from the mines to the effect that 900
tons of stone were crushed during March, yield-
ing 233 cwt. of gold.

During the week ended the 2nd April the
number of cases of plague reported was 45 and
the number of deaths 40, making the total
number of cases 552 and deaths 401 for the
month. For the two previous months ended
on the 2nd April the number of new cases
was 9 and of deaths 10.

which might tempt us and even compel us
to depart from that attitude of reserve.
But the seizure of Chinese territory, the usurpa-
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revenue to her treasury by instituting an
Imperial Customs service in that country."

It may truly be said that, so far as
China at the present moment is not in the
"East an anachronism but has within it a
vital, living force, it is in the main
"due to the action and initiative of this
country." The work that Great Britain
has commenced she is prepared to carry on,<br

